

# 1 Samuel 8:14

Authorized King James Version (KJV)

And he will take your fields, and your vineyards, and your oliveyards, even the best of them, and give them to his servants.

## Analysis

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**And he will take your fields, and your vineyards, and your oliveyards, even the best of them, and give them to his servants.**

The confiscation of agricultural land strikes at the heart of Israelite social structure. Under the covenant, the land belonged ultimately to God (Leviticus 25:23), distributed among tribes and families as an inalienable inheritance ("nachalah"). Fields, vineyards, and olive groves represented not merely economic assets but covenantal identity—tangible evidence of God's promise fulfilled. The king will seize "the best" (Hebrew "hatov"), leaving inferior portions for the original owners. This property will then be redistributed to royal officials ("avadim," servants), creating a new elite class dependent on and loyal to the crown rather than to their tribes. Ahab's seizure of Naboth's vineyard (1 Kings 21) provides the classic illustration of this warning fulfilled. The text thus anticipates how monarchy will undermine the economic equality and family stability that the Jubilee laws were designed to protect.

## Historical Context

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Land tenure was foundational to ancient Israelite society. The tribal allotment system and Jubilee laws (Leviticus 25) were designed to prevent permanent alienation of family property. Archaeological surveys show significant changes in

settlement patterns and land ownership during the monarchic period, with larger estates replacing smaller family holdings.

## Related Passages

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**Colossians 1:16** — All things created through Christ

**Genesis 1:1** — Creation of heavens and earth

## Study Questions

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1. What does Israel's land theology teach about the relationship between spiritual identity and material provision?
2. How might attachment to "the best" of our possessions reveal misplaced trust in earthly security rather than divine provision?

## Interlinear Text

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וְאֶת H853	שְׂדֵהֵיכֶם your fields H7704	וְאֶת H853	כַּרְמֵיכֶם and your vineyards H3754	וְזֵיתֵיכֶם and your oliveyards H2132	הַטּוֹב יָמִים even the best H2896
וְיָקֵחַ H3947	מֵהֶם of them H5414	וְיִתֵּן them H5650	לְעַבְדָּיו to his servants H5650		

## Additional Cross-References

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**Ezekiel 46:18** (Parallel theme): Moreover the prince shall not take of the people's inheritance by oppression, to thrust them out of their possession; but he shall give his sons inheritance out of his own possession: that my people be not scattered every man from his possession.

**1 Kings 21:7** (Parallel theme): And Jezebel his wife said unto him, Dost thou now govern the kingdom of Israel? arise, and eat bread, and let thine heart be merry: I will give thee the vineyard of Naboth the Jezreelite.

